

EMPLOYEE TRAINING RECORD		
<b>TRAINING TITLE</b>	Burns	
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>KEY TEACHING POINTS</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>None of us want to become burn victims, but each year nearly two million Americans are burned. Many of these burn accidents could have been prevented. You have an important responsibility to stay alert and prevent burn injuries that can arise from common hazards such as torches, welding equipment, temporary heaters, steam boilers and piping, hot liquids, gasses and metals, hot machinery, flammable liquids, electricity, sun, wind, and freeze burns, plus a wide variety of chemical burns, just to name a few.</b></li> <li>• <b>BURNS ARE MEASURED BY THE PHYSICAL DAMAGE THEY CAUSE:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>FIRST DEGREE BURNS--affect only the outer layer of skin; such burns compare to those caused by sunburn. FIRST-AID--apply cold water to affected areas, cover with sterile dressings and follow up with a medical examination.</b></li> <li>• <b>SECOND DEGREE BURNS--affect the entire outer skin layer and may penetrate deeper into the second layer of skin; an example would be from a scalding liquid. FIRST-AID--if possible immerse the burn in cold water for two to five minutes, do not break blisters or use ointment, apply a dry sterile bandage, treat for shock as required, and get medical help.</b></li> <li>• <b>THIRD DEGREE BURNS--penetrate both layers of the skin and are extremely dangerous. Such burns are often caused by open flame or burning clothing. FIRST-AID--if clothing is on fire, "drop and roll" the victim as quickly as possible to extinguish the flames. Remove affected clothing to prevent sticking (but do not remove charred particles already stuck to the skin), cover burns with sterile dressings, do not use cold water, keep unaffected skin areas covered, check victim's breathing, treat for shock, get medical help fast.</b></li> </ul> </li> <li>• <b>REMINDER: Before using any chemical, refer to its MSDS. for burn prevention and treatment.</b></li> </ul>		
<b>TEST</b>		
<b>QUESTION</b>	<b>ANSWERS</b>	
	<b>TRUE</b>	<b>FALSE</b>
1 If clothing is on fire, "drop and roll" the victim as quickly as possible to extinguish the flames.		
2 For first and second degree burns cool		
3 Before using any chemical, refer to its MSDS. for burn prevention and treatment.		
4 Injuries that can arise from common hazards		
5 FIRST DEGREE BURNS--affect only the outer layer of skin.		
<b>EMPLOYEE'S NAME</b>	<b>EMPLOYEE'S SIGNATURE</b>	<b>DATE</b>
<b>INSTRUCTOR'S NAME</b>	<b>INSTRUCTOR'S SIGNATURE</b>	<b>DATE</b>